

Spiral cylindrique avec courbes terminales : deux arcs de cercle

Développement excentrique et anisochronisme en position horizontale

Déformations planes

Caractéristiques du spiral

➡ Référence : E:\Résonateur (TA)\Data\Bal_spiral cylindrique (ex num).mcd(R)

➡ Référence : E:\Résonateur (TA)\Data\Définition Atan.mcd(R)

Dimensions $\epsilon_p = 0.09 \text{ mm}$ $ha = 0.334 \text{ mm}$ $S = 0.03 \text{ mm}^2$ $R_0 = 5 \text{ mm}$

Elinvar $\rho_s = 8 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^{-3} \cdot \text{kg}$ $E = 1.7 \times 10^{11} \text{ Pa}$ $G = 6.538 \times 10^{10} \text{ Pa}$

Partie cylindrique $n_s := 10.15$ $\psi_0 := n_s \cdot 360 \cdot \text{deg}$ $\psi_0 = 3.654 \times 10^3 \text{ deg}$ $L := R_0 \cdot \psi_0$ $L = 318.872 \text{ mm}$

$$r_s(\alpha) := R_0 \quad s(\alpha) := R_0 \cdot (\alpha - \pi) \quad x_{0s}(\alpha) := R_0 \cdot \cos(\alpha) \quad y_{0s}(\alpha) := R_0 \cdot \sin(\alpha)$$

Courbe terminale externe

$$r_{t1} := 0.8 \quad r_{t1} := \text{racine} \left[(2 \cdot r_{t1} - 1)^4 - 4 \cdot (1 - r_{t1})^4 - \pi^2 \cdot r_{t1}^2 \cdot (1 - r_{t1})^2, r_{t1} \right] \cdot R_0 \quad r_{t1} = 0.832 R_0$$

$$r_{t2} := 2 \cdot r_{t1} - R_0 \quad r_{t2} = 0.665 R_0 \quad \beta_0 := \arctan \left[\frac{\pi \cdot r_{t1}}{2 \cdot (R_0 - r_{t1})} \right] \quad \beta_0 = 82.695 \text{ deg} \quad l_t := r_{t2} \cdot \beta_0 + \pi \cdot r_{t1}$$

$$x_{0t1}(\alpha_t) := -R_0 + r_{t1} \cdot (1 + \cos(\alpha_t)) \quad y_{0t1}(\alpha_t) := r_{t1} \cdot \sin(\alpha_t)$$

$$x_{0t2}(\beta_t) := r_{t2} \cdot \cos(\beta_t) \quad y_{0t2}(\beta_t) := r_{t2} \cdot \sin(\beta_t)$$

Courbe terminale interne $\alpha_B := \text{mod}(\psi_0 + \pi, 2 \cdot \pi)$ $\alpha_B = 234 \text{ deg}$ $L_t := 2 \cdot l_t + L$

$$x_{0t'1}(\alpha_t) := (R_0 - r_{t1} + r_{t1} \cdot \cos(\alpha_t)) \cdot \cos(\alpha_B) - r_{t1} \cdot \sin(\alpha_t) \cdot \sin(\alpha_B)$$

$$y_{0t'1}(\alpha_t) := (R_0 - r_{t1} + r_{t1} \cdot \cos(\alpha_t)) \cdot \sin(\alpha_B) + r_{t1} \cdot \sin(\alpha_t) \cdot \cos(\alpha_B)$$

$$x_{0t'2}(\beta_t) := r_{t2} \cdot \cos(\beta_t) \cdot \cos(\alpha_B + \pi) - r_{t2} \cdot \sin(\beta_t) \cdot \sin(\alpha_B + \pi)$$

$$y_{0t'2}(\beta_t) := r_{t2} \cdot \cos(\beta_t) \cdot \sin(\alpha_B + \pi) + r_{t2} \cdot \sin(\beta_t) \cdot \cos(\alpha_B + \pi)$$

Position du piton $r_P := r_{t2}$ $\alpha_P := -\beta_0$ $\alpha_P = -82.695 \text{ deg}$ $x_P := x_{0t'2}(\alpha_P)$ $y_P := y_{0t'2}(\alpha_P)$

**Position du point
d'attache à la virole** $r_V := r_{t2}$ $\alpha_V(\theta) := \text{Atan}(x_{0t'2}(\beta_0), y_{0t'2}(\beta_0)) + \theta$ $\alpha_V(0) = 136.695 \text{ deg}$

$$x_V(\theta) := r_V \cdot \cos(\alpha_V(\theta)) \quad y_V(\theta) := r_V \cdot \sin(\alpha_V(\theta))$$

Amplitude stationnaire du balancier $\theta_0 := 270 \cdot \text{deg}$

Contrainte maximum

➡ Référence : E:\Résonateur (TA)\Tables\Modules J, I et W des barres élastiques.mcd(R)

$$I_{33} := I_{f_rect}(\epsilon_p, ha) \quad W_{f3} := W_{f_rect}(\epsilon_p, ha) \quad \sigma_{max} := \frac{E \cdot I_{33}}{L \cdot W_{f3}} \cdot \theta_0 \quad \sigma_{max} = 113.054 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$$

Centres de masse

Partie cylindrique $z_{0s}(\alpha) := x_{0s}(\alpha) + i \cdot y_{0s}(\alpha)$

$$\zeta_{0s} := \frac{R_0}{L} \cdot \int_{\pi}^{\psi_0 + \pi} z_{0s}(\alpha) d\alpha \quad \xi_{0s} := \text{Re}(\zeta_{0s}) \quad \eta_{0s} := \text{Im}(\zeta_{0s}) \quad \xi_{0s} = -0.063 \text{ mm} \quad \eta_{0s} = -0.032 \text{ mm}$$

Courbe terminale externe

$$z_{0t1}(\alpha_t) := x_{0t1}(\alpha_t) + i \cdot y_{0t1}(\alpha_t) \quad z_{0t2}(\beta_t) := x_{0t2}(\beta_t) + i \cdot y_{0t2}(\beta_t)$$

$$\zeta_{0t} := \frac{1}{l_t} \cdot \left(\int_0^\pi z_{0t1}(\alpha_t) \cdot r_{t1} d\alpha_t + \int_{-\beta_0}^0 z_{0t2}(\beta_t) \cdot r_{t2} d\beta \right)$$

$$\xi_{0t} := \operatorname{Re}(\zeta_{0t}) \quad \eta_{0t} := \operatorname{Im}(\zeta_{0t}) \quad \xi_{0t} = 9.073 \times 10^{-10} \text{ mm} \quad \eta_{0t} = 1.399 \text{ mm}$$

Courbe terminale interne

$$z_{0t'1}(\alpha_{t'}) := x_{0t'1}(\alpha_{t'}) + i \cdot y_{0t'1}(\alpha_{t'}) \quad z_{0t'2}(\beta_{t'}) := x_{0t'2}(\beta_{t'}) + i \cdot y_{0t'2}(\beta_{t'})$$

$$\zeta_{0t'} := \frac{1}{l_t} \cdot \left(\int_0^\pi z_{0t'1}(\alpha) \cdot r_{t1} d\alpha + \int_0^{\beta_0} z_{0t'2}(\beta) \cdot r_{t2} d\beta \right)$$

$$\xi_{0t'} := \operatorname{Re}(\zeta_{0t'}) \quad \eta_{0t'} := \operatorname{Im}(\zeta_{0t'}) \quad \xi_{0t'} = 1.132 \text{ mm} \quad \eta_{0t'} = -0.822 \text{ mm}$$

Centre de masse du spiral $\zeta_s := \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot (L \cdot \zeta_{0s} + l_t \cdot \zeta_{0t} + l_t \cdot \zeta_{0t'}) \quad \zeta_s = 0 \text{ mm}$

Première approximation de la déformée du spiral

Courbe terminale externe

$$\varphi_{0t2}(\beta_t) := \frac{\pi}{2} + \beta_t \quad z_P := x_P + i \cdot y_P \quad z_{1t2}(\theta, \beta_t) := z_P + r_{t2} \cdot \int_{-\beta_0}^{\beta_t} i \cdot e^{i \cdot \beta'_t} \cdot \exp \left[i \cdot \frac{\theta}{L_t} \cdot [r_{t2} \cdot (\beta_0 + \beta'_t)] \right] d\beta'_t$$

$$z_{1t2}(\theta, \beta_t) := z_P + \frac{L_t \cdot r_{t2}}{L_t + \theta \cdot r_{t2}} \cdot \left[\exp \left[i \cdot \frac{\beta_t \cdot L_t + \theta \cdot r_{t2} \cdot (\beta_0 + \beta_t)}{L_t} \right] - \exp(-i \cdot \beta_0) \right] \quad z_{1C}(\theta) := z_{1t2}(\theta, 0)$$

$$\Delta \varphi_{1C}(\theta) := \frac{\theta}{L_t} \cdot r_{t2} \cdot \beta_0 \quad \Delta \varphi_{1C}(\theta_0) = 3.653 \text{ deg}$$

$$\varphi_{0t1}(\alpha_t) := \alpha_t + \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \Delta z_{1t1}(\theta, \alpha_t) := r_{t1} \cdot \int_0^{\alpha_t} i \cdot e^{i \cdot \alpha'_t} \cdot \exp \left(i \cdot \frac{\theta}{L_t} \cdot r_{t1} \cdot \alpha'_t \right) d\alpha'_t$$

$$\Delta z_{1t1}(\theta, \alpha_t) := \frac{L_t \cdot r_{t1}}{L_t + \theta \cdot r_{t1}} \cdot \left(\exp \left(i \cdot \alpha_t \cdot \frac{L_t + \theta \cdot r_{t1}}{L_t} \right) - 1 \right) \quad z_{1t1}(\theta, \alpha_t) := z_{1C}(\theta) + \Delta z_{1t1}(\theta, \alpha_t) \cdot e^{i \cdot (\Delta \varphi_{1C}(\theta))}$$

Partie cylindrique

$$\varphi_0(\alpha) := \alpha + \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \Delta z_{1s}(\theta, \alpha) := R_0 \cdot \int_\pi^\alpha i \cdot \exp(i \cdot \alpha') \cdot \exp \left(i \cdot \theta \cdot R_0 \cdot \frac{\alpha' - \pi}{L_t} \right) d\alpha'$$

$$\Delta z_{1s}(\theta, \alpha) := \frac{R_0 \cdot L_t}{L_t + \theta \cdot R_0} \cdot \left(\exp \left(-i \cdot \frac{-\alpha \cdot L_t - \theta \cdot R_0 \cdot \alpha + \theta \cdot R_0 \cdot \pi}{L_t} \right) + 1 \right) \quad z_{1A}(\theta) := z_{1t1}(\theta, \pi)$$

$$\Delta \varphi_{1A}(\theta) := \theta \cdot \frac{l_t}{L_t} \quad \Delta \varphi_{1A}(\theta_0) = 13.608 \text{ deg} \quad z_{1s}(\theta, \alpha) := z_{1A}(\theta) + \Delta z_{1s}(\theta, \alpha) \cdot e^{i \cdot \Delta \varphi_{1A}(\theta)}$$

Courbe terminale interne

$$z_{1t'1}(\theta, \alpha_t) := r_{t1} \cdot \int_0^{\alpha_t} i \cdot \exp(i \cdot \alpha'_t) \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{r_{t1}}{L_t} \cdot \alpha'_t\right) d\alpha'_t$$

$$\Delta z_{1t'1}(\theta, \alpha_t) := \frac{r_{t1} \cdot L_t}{\theta \cdot r_{t1} + L_t} \cdot \left(\exp\left(i \cdot \alpha_t \cdot \frac{\theta \cdot r_{t1} + L_t}{L_t}\right) - 1 \right) \quad z_{1B}(\theta) := z_{1s}(\theta, \psi_0 + \pi) \quad \alpha_B = 234 \text{ deg}$$

$$\alpha_{1B}(\theta) := \text{Atan}(\text{Re}(z_{1B}(\theta)), \text{Im}(z_{1B}(\theta))) \quad z_{1t'1}(\theta, \alpha_t) := z_{1B}(\theta) + \Delta z_{1t'1}(\theta, \alpha_t) \cdot e^{i \cdot \alpha_{1B}(\theta)}$$

$$\Delta z_{1t'2}(\theta, \beta_t) := r_{t2} \cdot \int_0^{\beta_t} i \cdot e^{i \cdot \beta'_t} \cdot \exp\left[i \cdot \frac{\theta}{L_t} \cdot (r_{t2} \cdot \beta'_t)\right] d\beta'_t \quad z_{1C}(\theta) := z_{1t'1}(\theta, \pi)$$

$$\Delta \varphi_{1C}(\theta) := \alpha_{1B}(\theta) + \frac{\theta}{L_t} \cdot r_{t1} \cdot \pi + \pi \quad z_{1t'2}(\theta, x) := z_{1C}(\theta) + \Delta z_{1t'2}(\theta, x) \cdot e^{i \cdot \Delta \varphi_{1C}(\theta)}$$

Graphes de la déformation

Forme naturelle

$$n_t := 201 \quad j := 0..n_t - 1 \quad \Delta \alpha_t := \frac{\pi}{n_t - 1} \quad \alpha_{tj} := j \cdot \Delta \alpha_t \quad x_{t1j} := x_{0t1}(\alpha_{tj}) \quad y_{t1j} := y_{0t1}(\alpha_{tj})$$

$$\Delta \beta_t := \frac{\beta_0}{n_t - 1} \quad \beta_{tj} := j \cdot \Delta \beta_t - \beta_0 \quad x_{t2j} := x_{0t2}(\beta_{tj}) \quad y_{t2j} := y_{0t2}(\beta_{tj})$$

$$x_t := \text{pile}(x_{t2}, x_{t1}) \quad y_t := \text{pile}(y_{t2}, y_{t1})$$

$$n := 50 \cdot \text{partentière}(n_s) + 1 \quad i := 0..n - 1 \quad \Delta \alpha := \frac{\psi_0}{n - 1} \quad \alpha_i := \pi + i \cdot \Delta \alpha$$

$$x_{sj} := x_{0s}(\alpha_i) \quad y_{sj} := y_{0s}(\alpha_i) \quad x_0 := \text{pile}(x_t, x_s) \quad y_0 := \text{pile}(y_t, y_s)$$

$$\alpha_{t'j} := j \cdot \Delta \alpha_t \quad x_{t'1j} := x_{0t'1}(\alpha_{t'j}) \quad y_{t'1j} := y_{0t'1}(\alpha_{t'j}) \quad x_0 := \text{pile}(x_0, x_{t'1}) \quad y_0 := \text{pile}(y_0, y_{t'1})$$

$$\beta_{t'j} := j \cdot \Delta \beta_t \quad x_{t'2j} := x_{0t'2}(\beta_{t'j}) \quad y_{t'2j} := y_{0t'2}(\beta_{t'j}) \quad x_0 := \text{pile}(x_0, x_{t'2}) \quad y_0 := \text{pile}(y_0, y_{t'2})$$

$$r_0 := \sqrt{x_0^2 + y_0^2} \quad \beta_s := \overrightarrow{\text{Atan}(x_0, y_0)}$$

Déformée

$$z_{td2} := \overrightarrow{z_{1t2}(\theta_0, \beta_t)} \quad z_d := z_{td2} \quad z_{td1} := \overrightarrow{z_{1t1}(\theta_0, \alpha_t)} \quad z_d := \text{pile}(z_{td2}, z_{td1})$$

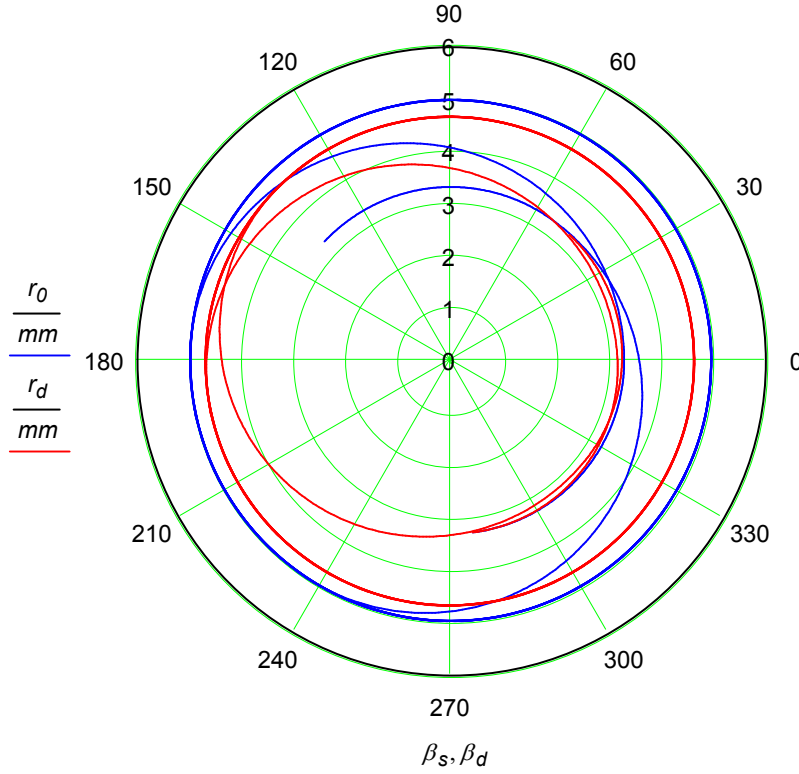
$$z_{sd} := \overrightarrow{z_{1s}(\theta_0, \alpha)} \quad z_d := \text{pile}(z_d, z_{sd})$$

$$z_{t'd1} := \overrightarrow{z_{1t'1}(\theta_0, \alpha'_t)} \quad z_d := \text{pile}(z_d, z_{t'd1}) \quad z_{t'd2} := \overrightarrow{z_{1t'2}(\theta_0, \beta'_t)} \quad z_d := \text{pile}(z_d, z_{t'd2})$$

$$n_{pt} := \text{dernier}(z_d) \quad x_d := \text{Re}(z_d) \quad y_d := \text{Im}(z_d) \quad r_d := \overrightarrow{|z_d|} \quad r_{d_{n_{pt}}} = 3.314 \text{ mm}$$

$$\beta_d := \overrightarrow{\text{Atan}(x_d, y_d)} \quad \beta_{d_0} = 277.305 \text{ deg} \quad \beta_{d_{n_{pt}}} = 46.659 \text{ deg}$$

$$\text{mod}(\alpha_v(\theta_0), 2 \cdot \pi) = 46.695 \text{ deg}$$



$$\text{mod}(\psi_0, 2 \cdot \pi) = 54 \text{ deg}$$

$$r_P = 3.324 \text{ mm}$$

$$r_V = 3.324 \text{ mm}$$

$$\alpha_V(0) = 136.695 \text{ deg}$$

$$x_V(\theta_0) = 2.28 \text{ mm}$$

$$y_V(\theta_0) = 2.419 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta x_V := x_{d_{npt}} - x_V(\theta_0)$$

$$\Delta x_V = -5.476 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta y_V := y_{d_{npt}} - y_V(\theta_0)$$

$$\Delta y_V = -8.818 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mm}$$

Déplacement de la virole libre

Contribution de la partie cylindrique du spiral

$$s_s(\alpha) := R_0 \cdot (\alpha - \pi) + l_t \quad f_s(\theta, \alpha) := i \cdot \theta \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{s_s(\alpha)}{L_t}\right)$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{s}(\theta) := \frac{R_0}{L_t} \cdot \int_{\pi}^{\pi + \psi_0} z_{0s}(\alpha) \cdot f_s(\theta, \alpha) d\alpha \quad \Delta \mathbf{s}(\theta_0) = 0.101 + 0.311i \text{ mm}$$

Approximation $\mathbf{OA} := R_0 \cdot e^{i \cdot \pi} \quad \mathbf{OB} := R_0 \cdot e^{i \cdot (\pi + \psi_0)} \quad f'_s(\theta, \alpha) := \frac{-\theta^2}{L_t} \cdot R_0 \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{s_s(\alpha)}{L_t}\right)$

$$\Delta \mathbf{as}(\theta) := \frac{R_0}{L_t} \cdot \left[(i \cdot f_s(\theta, \pi) - f'_s(\theta, \pi)) \cdot \mathbf{OA} + (-i \cdot f_s(\theta, \pi + \psi_0) + f'_s(\theta, \pi + \psi_0)) \cdot \mathbf{OB} \right]$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{as}(\theta) := \frac{R_0}{L_t} \cdot \theta \cdot e^{i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{l_t}{L_t}} \cdot \left(-\mathbf{OA} + e^{i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{L}{L_t}} \cdot \mathbf{OB} \right) + \frac{R_0^2}{L_t^2} \cdot \theta^2 \cdot e^{i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{l_t}{L_t}} \cdot \left(\mathbf{OA} - e^{i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{L}{L_t}} \cdot \mathbf{OB} \right)$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{as}(\theta_0) = 0.1 + 0.309i \text{ mm}$$

Contribution de la courbe terminale externe

$$s_{t2}(\beta_t) := r_{t2} \cdot (\beta_0 + \beta_t) \quad s_{t1}(\alpha_t) := (r_{t2} \cdot \beta_0 + r_{t1} \cdot \alpha_t)$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{t2}(\theta) := \frac{i \cdot \theta}{L_t} \cdot r_{t2} \cdot \int_{-\beta_0}^0 z_{0t2}(\beta_t) \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \frac{\theta}{L_t} \cdot s_{t2}(\beta_t)\right) d\beta_t$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{t2}(\theta_0) = 0.122 + 0.148i \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{t1}(\theta) := \frac{i \cdot \theta}{L_t} \cdot r_{t1} \cdot \int_0^{\pi} z_{0t1}(\alpha_t) \cdot \exp\left[i \cdot \frac{\theta}{L_t} \cdot (s_{t1}(\alpha_t))\right] d\alpha_t$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{t1}(\theta_0) = -0.408 - 0.209i \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{t}}(\theta) := \Delta_{\mathbf{t1}}(\theta) + \Delta_{\mathbf{t2}}(\theta)$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{t}}(\theta_0) = -0.285 - 0.061i \text{ mm}$$

Approximations

$$f_{t2}(\theta, \beta_t) := i \cdot \theta \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{s_{t2}(\beta_t)}{L_t}\right) \quad f'_{t2}(\theta, \beta_t) := \frac{-\theta^2}{L_t} \cdot r_{t2} \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{s_{t2}(\beta_t)}{L_t}\right)$$

$$\mathbf{og}_{12} := \frac{r_{t2}}{l_t} \cdot \int_{-\beta_0}^0 z_{ot2}(\beta_t) d\beta_t \quad \mathbf{og}_{22} := \frac{2 \cdot r_{t2}}{l_t^2} \cdot \int_{-\beta_0}^0 r_{t2} \cdot \beta_t \cdot z_{ot2}(\beta_t) d\beta_t$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{at2}}(\theta) := \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left(l_t \cdot f_{t2}(\theta, 0) \cdot \mathbf{og}_{12} + f'_{t2}(\theta, 0) \cdot \frac{l_t^2}{2 \cdot r_{t2}} \cdot \mathbf{og}_{22} \right) \quad \Delta_{\mathbf{at2}}(\theta_0) = 0.123 + 0.148i \text{ mm}$$

$$f_{t1}(\theta, \alpha_t) := i \cdot \theta \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{s_{t1}(\alpha_t)}{L_t}\right) \quad f'_{t1}(\theta, \alpha_t) := \frac{-\theta^2}{L_t} \cdot r_{t1} \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{s_{t1}(\alpha_t)}{L_t}\right)$$

$$\mathbf{og}_{11} := \frac{r_{t1}}{l_t} \cdot \int_0^\pi z_{ot1}(\alpha_t) d\alpha_t \quad \mathbf{og}_{21} := \frac{2 \cdot r_{t1}}{l_t^2} \cdot \int_0^\pi r_{t1} \cdot \alpha_t \cdot z_{ot1}(\alpha_t) d\alpha_t$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{at1}}(\theta) := \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left(l_t \cdot f_{t1}(\theta, 0) \cdot \mathbf{og}_{11} + f'_{t1}(\theta, 0) \cdot \frac{l_t^2}{2 \cdot r_{t1}} \cdot \mathbf{og}_{21} \right) \quad \Delta_{\mathbf{at1}}(\theta_0) = -0.41 - 0.212i \text{ mm}$$

$$\mathbf{og}_1 := \mathbf{og}_{11} + \mathbf{og}_{12} \quad \mathbf{og}_1 = 9.073 \times 10^{-10} + 1.399i \text{ mm} \quad \xi_{0t} = 9.073 \times 10^{-10} \text{ mm} \quad \eta_{0t} = 1.399 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{at}}(\theta) := \Delta_{\mathbf{at1}}(\theta) + \Delta_{\mathbf{at2}}(\theta)$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{at}}(\theta_0) = -0.287 - 0.064i \text{ mm}$$

Contribution de la courbe terminale interne

$$s_{t'1}(\alpha_t) := r_{t1} \cdot \alpha_t + L + l_t \quad s_{t'2}(\beta_t) := s_{t'1}(\pi) + r_{t2} \cdot \beta_t$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{t}'1}(\theta) := \frac{i \cdot \theta}{L_t} \cdot \int_0^\pi z_{ot'1}(\alpha_t) \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \frac{\theta}{L_t} \cdot s_{t'1}(\alpha_t)\right) \cdot r_{t1} d\alpha_t$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{t}'1}(\theta_0) = 0.207 - 0.409i \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{t}'2}(\theta) := \frac{i \cdot \theta}{L_t} \cdot \int_0^{\beta_0} z_{ot'2}(\beta_t) \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \frac{\theta}{L_t} \cdot s_{t'2}(\beta_t)\right) \cdot r_{t2} d\beta_t$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{t}'2}(\theta_0) = -0.012 + 0.192i \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{t}'}(\theta) := \Delta_{\mathbf{t}'1}(\theta) + \Delta_{\mathbf{t}'2}(\theta)$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{t}'}(\theta_0) = 0.195 - 0.217i \text{ mm}$$

Approximations

$$f_{t'1}(\theta, \alpha_t) := i \cdot \theta \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{s_{t'1}(\alpha_t)}{L_t}\right) \quad f'_{t'1}(\theta, \alpha_t) := \frac{-\theta^2}{L_t} \cdot r_{t1} \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{s_{t'1}(\alpha_t)}{L_t}\right)$$

$$\mathbf{og}'_{11} := \frac{r_{t1}}{l_t} \cdot \int_0^\pi z_{ot'1}(\alpha_t) d\alpha_t \quad \mathbf{og}'_{21} := \frac{2 \cdot r_{t1}}{l_t^2} \cdot \int_0^\pi r_{t1} \cdot \alpha_t \cdot z_{ot'1}(\alpha_t) d\alpha_t$$

$$\Delta_{\mathbf{at}'1}(\theta) := \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left(l_t \cdot f_{t'1}(\theta, 0) \cdot \mathbf{og}'_{11} + f'_{t'1}(\theta, 0) \cdot \frac{l_t^2}{2 \cdot r_{t1}} \cdot \mathbf{og}'_{21} \right) \quad \Delta_{\mathbf{at}'1}(\theta_0) = 0.21 - 0.409i \text{ mm}$$

$$f_{t'2}(\theta, \beta_t) := i \cdot \theta \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{s_{t'2}(\beta_t)}{L_t}\right) \quad f'_{t'2}(\theta, \beta_t) := \frac{-\theta^2}{L_t} \cdot r_{t2} \cdot \exp\left(i \cdot \theta \cdot \frac{s_{t'2}(\beta_t)}{L_t}\right)$$

$$\mathbf{Og}'_{12} := \frac{r_{t2}}{l_t} \cdot \int_0^{\beta_0} z_{0t'2}(\beta_t) d\beta_t$$

$$\mathbf{Og}'_{22} := \frac{2 \cdot r_{t2}}{l_t^2} \cdot \int_0^{\beta_0} r_{t2} \cdot \beta_t \cdot z_{0t'2}(\beta_t) d\beta_t$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{at}'_2(\theta) := \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left(l_t \cdot f_{t'2}(\theta, 0) \cdot \mathbf{Og}'_{12} + f_{t'2}(\theta, 0) \cdot \frac{l_t^2}{2 \cdot r_{t2}} \cdot \mathbf{Og}'_{22} \right)$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{at}'_2(\theta_0) = -0.012 + 0.192i \text{ mm}$$

$$\mathbf{Og}'_1 := \mathbf{Og}'_{11} + \mathbf{Og}'_{12}$$

$$\mathbf{Og}'_1 = 1.132 - 0.822i \text{ mm}$$

$$\xi_{0t'} = 1.132 \text{ mm}$$

$$\eta_{0t'} = -0.822 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{at}'(\theta) := \Delta \mathbf{at}'_1(\theta) + \Delta \mathbf{at}'_2(\theta)$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{at}'(\theta_0) = 0.198 - 0.217i \text{ mm}$$

Contribution du spiral entier

$$\Delta \mathbf{1}(\theta) := \Delta \mathbf{t}(\theta) + \Delta \mathbf{s}(\theta) + \Delta \mathbf{t}'(\theta)$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{1}(\theta_0) = 0.011 + 0.033i \text{ mm}$$

$$u_1(\theta) := \text{Re}(\Delta \mathbf{1}(\theta)) \quad v_1(\theta) := \text{Im}(\Delta \mathbf{1}(\theta)) \quad u_1(\theta_0) = 0.011 \text{ mm} \quad v_1(\theta_0) = 0.033 \text{ mm}$$

Approximation

$$\Delta \mathbf{a}(\theta) := \Delta \mathbf{at}(\theta) + \Delta \mathbf{as}(\theta) + \Delta \mathbf{at}'(\theta)$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{a}(\theta_0) = 0.011 + 0.028i \text{ mm}$$

Calcul des réactions

$$p2_{0s} := \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left(\int_{\pi}^{\pi+\psi_0} x_{0s}(\alpha)^2 \cdot R_0 d\alpha + \int_0^{\pi} x_{0t1}(\alpha_t)^2 \cdot r_{t1} d\alpha_t + \int_{-\beta_0}^0 x_{0t2}(\beta_t)^2 \cdot r_{t2} d\beta_t \right)$$

$$p2_{0s} := p2_{0s} + \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left(\int_0^{\pi} x_{0t'1}(\alpha_t)^2 \cdot r_{t1} d\alpha_t + \int_0^{\beta_0} x_{0t'2}(\beta_t)^2 \cdot r_{t2} d\beta_t \right) \quad p2_{0s} = 12.036 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$q2_{0s} := \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left[\int_{\pi}^{\pi+\psi_0} y_{0s}(\alpha)^2 \cdot R_0 d\alpha + \int_0^{\pi} y_{0t1}(\alpha_t)^2 \cdot r_{t1} d\alpha_t + \left(\int_{-\beta_0}^0 y_{0t2}(\beta_t)^2 \cdot r_{t2} d\beta_t \right) \right]$$

$$q2_{0s} := q2_{0s} + \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left(\int_0^{\pi} y_{0t'1}(\alpha_t)^2 \cdot r_{t1} d\alpha_t + \int_0^{\beta_0} y_{0t'2}(\beta_t)^2 \cdot r_{t2} d\beta_t \right) \quad q2_{0s} = 12.072 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$k_{0s} := \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left(\int_{\pi}^{\pi+\psi_0} x_{0s}(\alpha) \cdot y_{0s}(\alpha) \cdot R_0 d\alpha + \int_0^{\pi} x_{0t1}(\alpha_t) \cdot y_{0t1}(\alpha_t) \cdot r_{t1} d\alpha_t + \int_{-\beta_0}^0 x_{0t2}(\beta_t) \cdot y_{0t2}(\beta_t) \cdot r_{t2} d\beta_t \right)$$

$$k_{0s} := k_{0s} + \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left(\int_0^{\pi} x_{0t'1}(\alpha_t) \cdot y_{0t'1}(\alpha_t) \cdot r_{t1} d\alpha_t + \int_0^{\beta_0} x_{0t'2}(\beta_t) \cdot y_{0t'2}(\beta_t) \cdot r_{t2} d\beta_t \right) \quad k_{0s} = -0.025 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\mathbf{S}_0 := \frac{L}{E \cdot I_{33}} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} q2_{0s} & -k_{0s} \\ -k_{0s} & p2_{0s} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{R}'(\theta) := \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} u_1(\theta) \\ v_1(\theta) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{R}'(\theta_0) = \begin{pmatrix} 9.614 \times 10^{-6} \\ 2.985 \times 10^{-5} \end{pmatrix} N$$

$$|\mathbf{R}'(\theta_0)| = 3.136 \times 10^{-5} N$$

Approximations

$$\sigma_2 := \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left[\int_{\pi}^{\pi+\psi_0} (|z_{0s}(\alpha)|)^2 \cdot R_0 d\alpha + \int_0^{\pi} (|z_{0t1}(\alpha_t)|)^2 \cdot r_{t1} d\alpha_t + \int_{-\beta_0}^0 (|z_{0t2}(\beta_t)|)^2 \cdot r_{t2} d\beta_t \right]$$

$$\sigma_2 := \sigma_2 + \frac{1}{L_t} \cdot \left[\int_0^{\pi} (|z_{0t'1}(\alpha_t)|)^2 \cdot r_{t1} d\alpha_t + \int_0^{\beta_0} (|z_{0t'2}(\beta_t)|)^2 \cdot r_{t2} d\beta_t \right]$$

$$\sigma_2 = 24.108 \text{ mm}^2 \quad R'(\theta) := \frac{E \cdot I_{33}}{L} \cdot \frac{2}{\sigma_2} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} u_1(\theta) \\ v_1(\theta) \end{pmatrix} \quad R'(\theta_0) = \begin{pmatrix} 9.691 \times 10^{-6} \\ 2.983 \times 10^{-5} \end{pmatrix} N$$

$$|R'(\theta_0)| = 3.136 \times 10^{-5} N$$

Perturbation de période - spiral non déformé en position de repos

$$X(\theta) := \frac{(|\Delta \mathbf{1}(\theta)|)^2}{\sigma_2} \quad \gamma(\theta) := \frac{d}{d\theta} X(\theta) \quad \Delta(\theta_0) := \frac{-1}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \theta_0} \cdot \int_0^{2 \cdot \pi} \gamma(\theta_0 \cdot \cos(\varphi)) \cdot \cos(\varphi) d\varphi$$

$$\mu(\theta_0) := -86400 \cdot \Delta(\theta_0) \quad \boxed{\mu(\theta_0) = 0.152} \quad \boxed{\mu(180 \cdot \text{deg}) = 0.243}$$

$$X(\theta) := \frac{(|\Delta \mathbf{a}(\theta)|)^2}{\sigma_2} \quad \gamma(\theta) := \frac{d}{d\theta} X(\theta) \quad \delta_a(\theta_0) := \frac{-1}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \theta_0} \cdot \int_0^{2 \cdot \pi} \gamma(\theta_0 \cdot \cos(\varphi)) \cdot \cos(\varphi) d\varphi$$

$$\mu_a(\theta_0) := -86400 \cdot \delta_a(\theta_0) \quad \boxed{\mu_a(\theta_0) = 0.184} \quad \boxed{\mu_a(180 \cdot \text{deg}) = 0.249}$$

$$\theta_m := 180 \cdot \text{deg}, 190 \cdot \text{deg} .. 360 \cdot \text{deg}$$

